## Recording Requested By:

PULTE HOME CORPORATION 6210 Stoneridge Mall Rd., 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Pleasanton, CA 94588

Attn: Kevin Ma

When Recorded, Mail To:

Bruce H. Wolfe Executive Officer California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Region 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400 Oakland, California 94612

The Original, of which this is a copy, was recorded on 3-5-06 File No. 2006-7/1/8 Official Records of Contra Costa County. California.

## COVENANT AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESTRICTION ON PROPERTY

## GIANT ROAD FAMILY APARTMENTS 2832 GIANT ROAD, SAN PABLO, CA

This Covenant and Environmental Restriction on Property (this "Covenant") is made as of the day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2006 by Pulte Home Corporation, a Michigan corporation ("Covenantor") who is the Owner of record of that certain property situated at 2832 Giant Road, in the City of San Pablo, County of Contra Costa, State of California, which is more particularly described in Exhibit A attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference (such portion hereinafter referred to as the "Burdened Property"), for the benefit of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board for the San Francisco Bay Region (the "Board"), with reference to the following facts:

- A. The Burdened Property and groundwater beneath the property contain hazardous materials.
- B. Contamination of the Burdened Property. Soil at the Burdened Property historically has been used for industrial purposes, including a trucking facility operated by Parker Trucking at 2832 Giant Road and the former East Bay Washrack at 2812 Giant Road. The facilities included vehicle maintenance and cleaning areas and hazardous materials storage areas. These operations resulted in contamination of soil with inorganic and organic chemicals including arsenic. chromium, lead, organic lead, tetrachloroethylene, benzene, and total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline, diesel, and motor oil, which constitute hazardous materials as that term is defined in Health & Safety Code Section 25260. Ground water beneath the Burdened Property was contaminated by petroleum hydrocarbons. Cleanup activities at the Burdened Property included the excavation and off-site disposal of soil above residential site cleanup goals. Ground water was pumped from excavations, treated, and disposed off-site. Residual concentrations of

chemicals of concern in soil and ground water are not expected to pose an ongoing threat to water quality of human health at the Burdened Property.

- C. Exposure Pathways. The contaminants addressed in this Covenant are present in soil and ground water on the Burdened Property. Without the mitigation measures which have been performed on the Burdened Property, exposure to these contaminants could take place via inplace contact, resulting dermal contact, inhalation, or ingestion by humans. The risk of public exposure to the contaminants has been substantially lessened by the remediation and controls described herein.
- D. <u>Adjacent Land Uses and Population Potentially Affected</u>. The Burdened Property is used for residential purposes and is adjacent to residential, industrial, and educational (elementary school) land uses.
- E. Full and voluntary disclosure to the Board of the presence of hazardous materials on the Burdened Property has been made and extensive sampling of the Burdened Property has been conducted.
- F. Covenantor desires and intends that in order to benefit the Board, and to protect the present and future public health and safety, the Burdened Property shall be used in such a manner as to avoid potential harm to persons or property that may result from hazardous materials that may have been deposited on portions of the Burdened Property.

# ARTICLE I GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 1.1 Provisions to Run with the Land. This Covenant sets forth protective provisions, covenants, conditions and restrictions (collectively referred to as "Restrictions") upon and subject to which the Burdened Property and every portion thereof shall be improved, held, used, occupied, leased, sold, hypothecated, encumbered, and/or conveyed. The restrictions set forth in Article III are reasonably necessary to protect present and future human health and safety or the environment as a result of the presence on the land of hazardous materials. Each and all of the Restrictions shall run with the land, and pass with each and every portion of the Burdened Property, and shall apply to, inure to the benefit of, and bind the respective successors in interest thereof, for the benefit of the Board and all Owners and Occupants. Each and all of the Restrictions are imposed upon the entire Burdened Property unless expressly stated as applicable to a specific portion of the Burdened Property. Each and all of the Restrictions run with the land pursuant to section 1471 of the Civil Code. Each and all of the Restrictions are enforceable by the Board.
- 1.2 <u>Concurrence of Owners and Lessees Presumed</u>. All purchasers, lessees, or possessors of any portion of the Burdened Property shall be deemed by their purchase, leasing, or possession of such Burdened Property, to be in accord with the foregoing and to agree for and among themselves, their heirs, successors, and assignees, and the agents, employees, and lessees of such owners, heirs, successors, and assignees, that the Restrictions as herein established must be

adhered to for the benefit of the Board and the Owners and Occupants of the Burdened Property and that the interest of the Owners and Occupants of the Burdened Property shall be subject to the Restrictions contained herein.

- 1.3 <u>Incorporation into Deeds and Leases</u>. Covenantor desires and covenants that the Restrictions set out herein shall be incorporated in and attached to each and all deeds and leases of any portion of the Burdened Property. Recordation of this Covenant shall be deemed binding on all successors, assigns, and lessees, regardless of whether a copy of this Covenant and Agreement has been attached to or incorporated into any given deed or lease.
- 1.4 <u>Purpose</u>. It is the purpose of this instrument to convey to the Board real property rights, which will run with the land, to facilitate the remediation of past environmental contamination and to protect human health and the environment by reducing the risk of exposure to residual hazardous materials.

# ARTICLE II DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 <u>Board</u>. "Board" shall mean the California Regional Water Quality Control Board for the San Francisco Bay Region and shall include its successor agencies, if any.
- 2.2 <u>Improvements</u>. "Improvements" shall mean all buildings, roads, driveways, regradings, and paved parking areas, constructed or placed upon any portion of the Burdened Property.
- 2.3 Occupants. "Occupants" shall mean Owners and those persons entitled by ownership, leasehold, or other legal relationship to the exclusive right to use and/or occupy all or any portion of the Burdened Property.
- 2.4 Owner or Owners. "Owner" or "Owners" shall mean the Covenantor and/or its successors in interest, who hold title to all or any portion of the Burdened Property.

# ARTICLE III DEVELOPMENT, USE AND CONVEYANCE OF THE BURDENED PROPERTY

- 3.1 <u>Restrictions on Development and Use</u>. Covenantor promises to restrict the use of the Burdened Property as follows:
- a. No portion of the Burdened Property shall be used for a community or private garden planted at ground level; however, the Burdened Property may be used for a community or private garden for edible or ornamental plants provided that the planting is in raised beds which are physically separated from ground level soil.
- b. No portion of the Burdened Property shall be used for the excavation or use of any wells.

c. No work shall be conducted on any portion of the Burdened Property that involves soil excavation, trenching, or groundwater contact without implementing the Site Management Plan dated 12/19/05 prepared by Lowney Assic. (the "Plan"), attached hereto as Exhibit "B". The Plan includes procedures for proper notification, handling, and disposal of any soil or groundwater removed from the site. Current and future site workers, tenants, and owners shall be notified of the residual impacted soil and groundwater on the property. 3.2 Enforcement. Failure of an Owner or Occupant to comply with any of the restrictions, as set forth in paragraph 3.1, shall be grounds for the Board, by reason of this Covenant, to have the authority to require that the Owner modify or remove any Improvements constructed in violation of that paragraph. Violation of the Covenant shall be grounds for the Board to file civil actions against the Owner as provided by law. 3.3 Notice in Agreements. After the date of recordation hereof, all Owners and Occupants shall execute a written instrument which shall accompany all purchase agreements or leases relating to the property. Any such instrument shall contain the following statement: The land described herein contains hazardous materials in soils and in the ground water under the property, and is subject to a deed restriction dated as of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2006, and recorded on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2006, in the Official Records of Contra Costa County, California, as Document No. \_\_\_\_\_, which Covenant and Restriction imposes certain covenants, conditions, and restrictions on usage of the property described herein. This statement is not a declaration that a hazard exists. ARTICLE IV VARIANCE AND TERMINATION 4.1 <u>Variance</u>. Any Owner or, with the Owner's consent, any Occupant of the Burdened Property or any portion thereof may apply to the Board for a written variance from the provisions of this Covenant. 4.2 Termination. Any Owner or, with the Owner's consent, any Occupant of the Burdened Property or a portion thereof may apply to the Board for a termination of the Restrictions as they apply to all or any portion of the Burdened Property. 4.3 <u>Term</u>. Unless terminated in accordance with paragraph 4.2 above, by law or otherwise,

this Covenant shall continue in effect in perpetuity.

# ARTICLE V MISCELLANEOUS

- 5.1 <u>No Dedication Intended</u>. Nothing set forth herein shall be construed to be a gift or dedication, or offer of a gift or dedication, of the Burdened Property or any portion thereof to the general public.
- 5.2 <u>Notices</u>. Whenever any person gives or serves any notice, demand, or other communication with respect to this Covenant, each such notice, demand, or other communication shall be in writing and shall be deemed effective (1) when delivered, if personally delivered to the person being served or official of a government agency being served, or (2) three (3) business days after deposit in the mail if mailed by United States mail, postage paid certified, return receipt requested:

If To: "Covenantor"

Pulte Home Corporation 6210 Stoneridge Mall Rd., 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Pleasanton, CA 94588

If To: "Board"

Regional Water Quality Control Board

San Francisco Bay Region

Attention: Executive Officer

1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400

Oakland, California 94612

- 5.3 <u>Partial Invalidity</u>. If any portion of the Restrictions or terms set forth herein is determined to be invalid for any reason, the remaining portion shall remain in full force and effect as if such portion had not been included herein.
- 5.4 <u>Article Headings</u>. Headings at the beginning of each numbered article of this Covenant are solely for the convenience of the parties and are not a part of the Covenant.
- 5.5 <u>Recordation</u>. This instrument shall be executed by the Covenantor and by the Executive Officer of the Board. This instrument shall be recorded by the Covenantor in the County of Contra Costa within ten (10) days of the date of execution.
  - 5.6 <u>References</u>. All references to Code sections include successor provisions.

5.7 <u>Construction</u>. Any general rule of construction to the contrary notwithstanding, this instrument shall be liberally construed in favor of the Covenant to effect the purpose of this instrument and the policy and purpose of the Water Code. If any provision of this instrument is found to be ambiguous, an interpretation consistent with the purpose of this instrument that would render the provision valid shall be favored over any interpretation that would render it invalid.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties execute this Covenant as of the date set forth above.

Covenantor:

	Pulte Home	Corporation,	a Michigan	corporation
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By: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_InEget

Date: January 18 3

2006

Agency:

State of California

Regional Water Quality Board,

San Francisco Bay Region

Ву:

Title: Executive Officer

Date: [20.21, 2006

6

## **NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

COUNTY OF <u>Alautaa</u> }	
On Jan. 18, 2006 before me, Ern Mich for said State, personally appeared Tonic Carrol personally known to me (or proved to me on the basis of e person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within in he/ehe/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized signature(s) on the instrument the person(s) or the entity u acted, executed the instrument.  WITNESS my hand and official seal.	catisfactory evidence) to be the instrument and acknowledged to me that capacity(fies), and that by his/her/their
Signature Signature	ERIN MICHELLE JAMES Commission # 1560008 Notary Public - California Alameda County My Comm. Expires Mar 15, 2009

## California all-purpose acknowledgment State of California Alameda County of 2/21/06 Howard Leong, Notary Public before me, Name and Title of Officer (e.g., "Jane Doe, Notary Public") BRUCE H WOLFE personally appeared personally known to me proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed same in his/her/their authorized HOWARD LEONG capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their COMM. # 1362761 ARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or ALAMEDA COUNTY the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) My Comm. Expires JUN 28, 2006 acted, executed the instrument. WITNESS my hand and official seal. Place Notary Seal Above OPTIONAL -Though the information below is not required by law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document and could prevent fraudulent removal and reattachment of this form to another document. Description of Attached Document COVENANT Title or Type of Document: Document Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Number of Pages: \_\_ Signer(s) Other Than Named Above: \_\_\_ Capacity(ies) Claimed by Signer Signer's Name: ☐ Individual ☐ Corporate Officer — Title(s): \_\_ Top of thumb here ☐ Partner — ☐ Limited ☐ General ☐ Attorney in Fact ☐ Trustee ☐ Guardian or Conservator □ Other: Signer Is Representing: \_\_\_\_\_

## EXHIBIT A

# LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF BURDENED PROPERTY

The land referred to in this policy is described as follows:

Real property in the City of San Pablo, County of Contra Costa, State of California, described as follows:

All that real property being a portion of Parcel A and Parcel B as shown on the Parcel Map M.S. No. 777-86, filed April 7, 1986 in Book 122 of Parcel Maps at Page 7, located in the City of San Pablo, County of Contra Costa, State of California, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the Northwest corner of said Parcel A, said point being on the Easterly boundary of the road right of way known as Giant Road (County Road No. 21);

thence along said Easterly boundary of Giant Road, South 12° 25' 00" West a distance of 363.51 feet to the true point of beginning;

thence continuing along said Easterly boundary of Giant Road, South 12° 25' 00" West a distance of 395.60 feet;

thence South 59° 27′ 00" East a distance of 326.20 feet;

thence North 12° 25' 00" East a distance of 471.12 feet;

thence South 77° 35' 00" East a distance of 160.04 feet;

thence North 12° 25' 00" East a distance of 74.75 feet;

thence South 77° 35' 00" East a distance of 100.04 feet;

thence North 12° 25′ 00" East a distance of 24.99 feet;

thence North 77° 35' 00" West a distance of 100.04 feet;

thence North 12° 25' 00" East a distance of 200.00 feet;

thence North 77° 35' 00" West a distance of 156.04 feet:

thence South 12° 25' 00" West a distance of 273.74 feet;

thence North 77° 35′ 00" West a distance of 314.00 feet to said true point of beginning.

Being Lot 2, as shown on the Lot Line Adjustment Plat attached to that certain "Certificate of Compliance for Lot Line Adjustment LLA 04-35" recorded August 5, 2004 as Instrument No. 2004-302583 of Official Records, which was corrected in the Correction Deed recorded September 14, 2004, as Instrument No. 2004-353918 of Official Records.

APN: 412-060-006

## **Exhibit A**

Said burdened property is currently described as Lots 1 through 13, inclusive, and A through K, inclusive, as shown on the Map of Subdivision 8921, filed February 1, 2006, Book 487 of Parcel Maps, Page 7, Contra Costa County Records.

# EXHIBIT B

# SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN



## Site Management Plan

2812 and 2832 Giant Road San Pablo, California

This report has been prepared for:

## California Regional Water Quality Control Board

1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400, Oakland, California 94612

December 19, 2005 Project No. 1424-40A

Charles Mettler Senior Staff Geologist Peter M. Langtry, P.G., C.E.G.
Principal Geologist

Ron L. Helm, C.E.G., R.E.A.II Senior Principal Geologist Quality Assurance Reviewer



## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.0	INTR	ODUCTIO	N	. 1
	1.1	Purpos	e	. 1
	1.2	Site De	scription,	. 1
	1.3	Planne	d Redevelopment	. 1
	1.4	Summa	ary of September to November 2005 Removal Action	. 1
		1.4.1	Contaminants of Concern	. 2
		Table 1	A. Soil Cleanup Goals	. 2
		Table 1	B. Ground Water Target Cleanup Levels	. 2
		1.4.2	Site Cleanup Activities	. 2
		1.4.3	Key Contacts	. 3
		Table 2	. Key Site Contacts	. 3
2.0	SITE	MANAGE	MENT PLAN	. 3
	2.1	Applica	bility of the Site Management Plan	. 3
	2.2	Risk Ma	anagement During Construction	. 3
		2.2.1	Site-Specific Health and Safety Worker Requirements	. 3
		2.2.2	Construction Impact Mitigation Measures	. 4
		2.2.4	Management of Buried Structures	, 7
	2.3	Post-Co	nstruction Risk Management	. 7
		2.3.1	Long-Term Risk to Human Health	. 7
		2.3.2	Deed Restriction	. 7
3.0				
4.0	REFER	RENCES.		8

FIGURE 1 — VICINITY MAP

FIGURE 2 — SITE PLAN



## SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN 2812 AND 2832 GIANT ROAD SAN PABLO, CALIFORNIA

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this site management plan (SMP) is to provide guidelines for the management of residual contaminants in soil and ground water detected beneath 2812 and 2832 Giant Road in San Pablo, California (Site).

## 1.2 Site Description

The Giant Road Family Apartments and Devon Square will be an approximately 7-acre high density residential development at 2812 and 2832 Giant Road in San Pablo, California (Figures 1 and 2). The Site historically has been used for industrial purposes, including a trucking facility operated by Parker Trucking at 2832 Giant Road and the former East Bay Washrack at 2812 Giant Road. The facilities included vehicle maintenance and cleaning areas and hazardous materials storage areas. Previous investigations performed at the Site identified several areas with contamination above residential screening levels. Additional Site history and results of previous investigations are summarized in the removal action workplan (RAW) (Lowney Associates, 2005).

East Bay Asian Local Development Corporation (EBALDC) obtained two EPA Brownfield Redevelopment grants for the cleanup of areas exceeding residential standards. EPA cleanup grant 1 was for 2832 Giant Road (EPA Site 1) and grant 2 was for 2812 Giant Road (EPA Site 2).

## 1.3 Planned Redevelopment

EBALDC plans to develop approximately 2.7 acres of the Site (EPA Site 1) into a new 86 unit affordable apartment complex (Giant Road Family Apartments), in five separate buildings, including amenities such as resident services space, community facilities, on-site laundry and parking, potential childcare center targeted for families and individuals at or below 60 percent of the Area Median Income for Contra Costa County, and children's play area.

EBALDC sold an approximately 4.3-acre portion of the Site (EPA Site 2) to Pulte Homes, Inc., a Fortune 200 residential developer with operations in 54 markets and 28 states. Pulte Homes, Inc. plans to develop approximately 74 units of market rate for-sale condominium town homes (Devon Square).

# 1.4 Summary of September to November 2005 Removal Action

Soil removal activities were performed in accordance with the September 6, 2005 RAW and the August 1, 2005 confirmation sampling and analysis plan (CSAP). The RAW was approved by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (CRWQCB) on September 16, 2005 and the CSAP was approved by the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on September 21, 2005.



#### 1.4.1 Contaminants of Concern

Cleanup goals for contaminants of concern (COCs) detected in soil and ground water beneath the Site during previous investigations are listed in Tables 1A and 1B, respectively. The basis for the cleanup goals is presented in the RAW.

Table 1A. Soil Cleanup Goals

Constituent of Concern (COC)		Soil Cleanup Goals (ppm)	Basis
Arsenic	10		Site-Specific Background
Total Chromium	58 150		CRWQCB Residential ESL
Lead			CRWQCB Residential ESL
Total Organic Lead (TOL)		0.01	Laboratory detection limit (Federal Residential PRG is 0.0061 ppm)
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)		0.088	CRWQCB Residential ESL
Benzene		0.044	CRWQCB Residential ESL
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline/diesel/motor oil	3 to 6 reet	500 ppm total gasoline/diesel/residual fuels, with 100 ppm maximum TPH as gasoline 1,000 ppm total gasoline/diesel/residual fuels, with 500 ppm maximum TPH gasoline	CRWQCB Residential ESLs
	6 feet to top of ground water	5,000 ppm total gasoline/diesel/ residual fuels (plus removal of gross free product)	<u> </u>

Table 1B. Ground Water Target Cleanup Levels

COC	Ground Water Cleanup Target (ppb)	Basis
TPH gasoline	5,000	CRWQCB ESL
TPH diesel	2,500	CRWQCB ESL
TPH residual fuels	2,500	CRWQCB ESL

#### 1.4.2 Site Cleanup Activities

Soil removal activities occurred from September 24 to November 14, 2005 and consisted of the removal of approximately 8,000 tons of soil from the areas shown on Figure 2. The COCs for the excavation areas also are shown on Figure 2.

Three excavations were extended to a depth of approximately 10 feet below ground surface (bgs), approximately 2 feet into the top of the ground water. Because of the concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons detected in the ponded water and to help with the backfilling process, approximately 60,000 gallons of water were pumped from the three excavations into portable holding tanks. The pumped water was discharged to the sanitary sewer in accordance with a permit obtained by EBALDC's environmental contractor from the West County Waste Water District.

Prior to backfilling Excavation 7 on EPA Site 2 (Figure 2), oxygen release compound (ORC) was added to the base of the excavation. ORC is a mixture of magnesium peroxide that is designed to produce a slow and sustained release of molecular oxygen



when in contact with soil moisture and ground water. Approximately 500 pounds of ORC was spread across the base of the excavation. It is anticipated that the released oxygen will increase the rate of natural biological degradation of the low concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons and VOCs detected in the ground water at that location.

### 1.4.3 Key Contacts

The key Site contacts are summarized in Table 2.

Contact **Telephone Number** Company Peter M. Langtry, P.G., C.E.G. 510-267-1970, ext. 203 Lowney Associates Executive Director or Real East Bay Asian Local 510-287-5353 Development Corporation Estate Director 510-622-2447 CRWQCB Mary Rose Cassa Director of Land Development 925-249-4200 Pulte Homes

**Table 2. Key Site Contacts** 

#### 2.0 SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN

### 2.1 Applicability of the Site Management Plan

The cleanup activities at the site included the removal of soil with COCs above the Site-specific cleanup goals. Soil with COCs below the cleanup goals remains on-Site. Because this soil may have minor odors or discoloration, this SMP presents protocol for the following post-cleanup activities that may encounter soil or ground water with residual levels of COCs:

- Excavation and grading;
- Subsurface utility installation, maintenance, or repair;
- Landscaping; and,
- Building foundation construction.

#### 2.2 Risk Management During Construction

This section presents the risk management procedures to be followed during construction of the on-Site development, including worker training, construction impact mitigation measures, excavation de-watering, and soil management protocol.

#### 2,2,1 Site-Specific Health and Safety Worker Requirements

Contractors must be responsible for the health and safety of their own workers, including but not limited to preparation of their own health and safety plan (HSP) and injury and illness prevention plan (IIPP). Construction and maintenance workers present on-Site after the completion of the corrective actions will not be required to have 29 CFR Part



1910 training; these workers must, however, be familiar with and have access to this SMP.

## 2.2.2 Construction Impact Mitigation Measures

During construction, measures will be taken to minimize dust generation, storm water runoff, and tracking of soil off-Site. In addition, measures will be taken to help prevent the creation of preferential migration pathways (vertical and horizontal) for contaminants detected on-Site. The construction impact mitigation measures are summarized below.

#### 2.2.2.1 Dust Control

Construction operations will be conducted so as to minimize the creation and dispersion of dust, including the following measures:

- Application of water while grading, excavating, and loading, as needed;
- Limiting vehicle speeds to 5-miles per hour on unpaved portions of the Site;
- Minimizing drop heights while loading/unloading soil; and,
- Covering stockpiles with an impermeable layer, as discussed in Section 2.2.3.2.

#### 2.2.2.2 Equipment Decontamination

Contractors whose vehicles and construction equipment contact soil will be required to clean the equipment prior to leaving the Site. A gravel decontamination pad will be built at the construction exit. Decontamination may include dry methods, such as brushing, scraping, or vacuuming. If the dry methods are not effective, the contractor may use wet methods, such as steam cleaning or pressure washing. The contractor, however, will be required to collect and appropriately manage the wash water. Wash water management methods may include use for dust control or off-Site disposal at an appropriate facility.

## 2.2.2.3 Vertical and Horizontal Preferential Pathways

The current development plans do not include the construction of deep foundations, such as piles. In addition, the deed restriction for the development will not allow the installation of water supply wells on-Site. Therefore, no vertical preferential pathways (i.e. conduits for movement of ground water) will be created. It is not anticipated that utilities will extend into the shallow ground water, which was encountered at a depth of approximately eight feet. Therefore, horizontal migration pathways for ground water do not appear to be a significant concern.

#### 2.2.2.4 Storm Water Pollution Controls

The Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention Program, also called the Non-Point Source Program, was developed in accordance with the requirements of the 1986 San



Francisco Bay Basin Water Quality Control Plan to reduce water pollution associated with urban storm water runoff. This program was also designed to fulfill the requirements of the Federal Clean Water Act, which mandated that the EPA develop National Pollution Discharge Elimination system (NPDES) Permit application requirements for various storm water discharges, including those from municipal storm drain systems and construction sites.

For properties of 5 acres or greater, a Notice of Intent (NOI) and Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) must be prepared prior to commencement of construction. Since the Site is approximately 5 acres, EBALDC's and Pulte Home Inc.'s civil engineer will prepare a SWPPP for the grading and construction activities (post removal action) on the Site. Storm water management controls will be implemented to reduce the potential for impacted soils to impact storm water runoff. These storm water controls will be based on best management practices (BMCs), such as those described in the *Erosion and Sediment Control Field Manual* (CRWQCB , 1998) and the *Manual of Standards for Erosion and Sediment Control Measures, Second Edition* (ABAG, 1995). The BMPs implemented may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Construction of berms or silt fences at the perimeter of the Site, as appropriate;
- Placing of straw bale barriers or filter fabric around entrances to storm drains and catch basins;
- Covering stockpiles of contaminated soil with visqueen during rain events; and,
- Placement of gravel at project entrances/exits where soil can be removed from vehicles prior to leaving the Site.

#### 2.2.2.5 Excavation De-Watering

If excavation de-watering is required, a sample of the ponded water will be collected for laboratory analyses (see Section 2.2.3.4). Pursuant to CRWQCB resolution 88-160, the preferred use of the ponded water is recycling or on-site re-use. If recycling or re-use are not appropriate, the next alternative is discharge to publicly owned treatment works (i.e. West Count Waste Water District). If recycling/on-site use or discharge to publicly onwned treatment works are not appropriate, then treatment and discharge to the local receiving waters (i.e. storm drain), shall be evaluated.

If the pumped water is to be used for dust control for earthwork activities, concentrations of COCs should be compared to the higher of Environmental Screening Levels for fresh and estuarine surface water. If the concentrations exceeds ESLs, then CRWQCB staff should be consulted. Discharge to the sanitary sewer or storm sewer should be performed under an approved permit from the West County Waste Water District or CRWQCB, respectively. If required, water must be treated prior to discharge.

## 2.2.3 Soil Management Protocols

As discussed in Section 1.2 and shown on Figure 2, several areas with COCs above cleanup goals were removed during Site cleanup activities. Based on the historical industrial use of the Site, additional pockets of impacted soil may be encountered during Site development activities and subsequent subsurface utility installation and maintenance; landscaping; and building foundation construction. If pockets of impacted



soil are encountered during Site development, additional sampling or analyses and/or soil removal may be required.

## 2.2.3.1 Management of Soil During Construction

Soil with contaminants below the COCs remains in-place. Soil with low levels (below COCs) of petroleum hydrocarbons may have noticeable minor petroleum odors or discoloration. If soil with minor discoloration or odors is over-excavated during construction, the excavated soil will be stockpiled and evaluated as discussed in Section 2.2.3.2. No sampling of the excavation sidewalls or base will be performed.

If the soil encountered on-Site during construction appears significantly impacted (free product, strong odors, or strong discoloration), the sidewalls and base of the excavation will be sampled and analyzed, as discussed in Sections 2.2.3.3 and 2.2.3.4, to evaluate whether soil above COCs is present that requires removal. In addition, the excavated soil will be stockpiled and evaluated as discussed in Section 2.2.3.2. If laboratory analyses of the verification samples detect COCs below cleanup goals, further work will not be performed. If COCs are detected above cleanup goals, the CRWQCB staff will be notified to evaluate whether further work is required.

### 2.2.3.2 Management of Excavated Soils

Suspect soil over-excavated during construction activities will be segregated from the "clean" soil and either loaded directly onto trucks for off-Site disposal or stockpiled on-Site on top of and covered by an impermeable liner (6 mil) to reduce infiltration by rainwater and contamination of the underlying soil. In accordance with Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) requirements, inactive stockpiles will be covered by plastic sheeting. Stockpiles also will be covered with plastic sheeting each night. A maximum 6,000 square feet of an actively used stockpile can be uncovered. Hay bales will be placed around the stockpile to reduce runoff. While remaining on-Site, the stockpiles will be checked daily to verify that they are adequately covered.

To evaluate disposal and re-use alternatives of the excavated soil, the quality of the excavated soil will be evaluated. If on-Site re-use of the excavated soil is desired, soil samples will be collected and analyzed for Site COCs in accordance with the November 2002 CRWQCB draft guidance document. If off-Site re-use of the soil is desired, the soil quality data should be compared to appropriate ESLs. If off-Site disposal of the soil is desired, soil samples will be collected and analyzed in accordance with the disposal facility requirements. If soil exceeds Site cleanup goals and/or ESLs, the soil should be disposed at an appropriate facility. Prior to on-Site re-use of any excavated soil that exceeds Site cleanup goals or off-Site re-use of soil that exceeds applicable ESLs, CRWQCB staff should be consulted.

# 2.2.3.3 Evaluation of In-Place Soil and Ponded Ground Water in Suspect Areas

To evaluate the quality of suspect soil encountered during construction activities, soil samples will be collected from the base and sidewalls of the excavation area. Verification samples will be collected for every approximately 25 feet of excavation sidewall at the depth of the suspected soil. In addition, one verification soil sample will be collected for every approximately 1,000 square feet of excavation base where the suspect soil is observed. Soil samples will be collected in brass liners. If water ponds in the excavation, grab samples of the ponded water will be collected instead of the base

